

The Butler Weekly Times.

VOL. XVIII.

BUTLER, MISSOURI, THURSDAY OCTOBER 1, 1896.

NO 46

Missouri State Bank

OF BUTLER, MO.

CAPITAL - \$55,000.00
SURPLUS FUND - 2,500.00

Receives Deposits, Loans money, Issues Drafts and does a general Banking business. We solicit the accounts of Farmers, Merchants and the public generally promising a safe Depository for all funds committed to our charge. We are prepared to extend liberal accommodation in the way of loans to our customers.

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T. J. Wright
Frank M. Voris
J. M. Christy
R. G. West
Wm. E. Walton

Thanking the public for their confidence and liberal patronage during the past fifteen years, we solicit a continuance of the same promising honest and conservative management, with strict attention always to the wants of our customers.

J. R. JENKINS, Cashier.
Wm. E. WALTON, President.

Virginia Items.

In writing news for the TIMES this week.

It will be things we see and hear, And if we get them wrong or mixed Friends forgive us for this is '96.

John Nance and Clifton Jackson commenced work on Uncle Washington Park's barn last week.

Grandma Vermillion is happy over the arrival of a little grandson McCoy.

A W Simpson attended the republican rally at Butler Saturday.

The Christian S S average attendance for the last quarter was 70.

Mrs Peter Denning and daughter, Mrs Emma Rowe, visited in Linn county, Kansas last week.

Grandma Cope, who has been quite sick, was able to attend S S Sunday.

Dr Mitchell and wife left Friday for St. Louis.

Mrs Wm Gardner tells us her daughter, Mrs Williams, of Butler, feels proud over their new-come; mother and child doing well.

Isaac Lockridge of near Butler, attended the Bryan free silver club Friday night.

L. I. Browning is hauling new corn to Butler and selling it at 20c per bu.

W. O. Jackson, of Butler, spoke to the Bryan free silver club Friday night.

He did the gold bugs up in good shape, there was quite a crowd out to hear him.

Edward Shidder and wife of Henry county, Mo., is visiting her sister, Mrs Wm Voght.

P. J. Henderson says he will vote for McKinley.

B. F. Jenkins and Dr Mitchell have bought a car load of hogs and are feeding them for the market.

Quite a number of our farmers are hauling their winter coal from across the river.

Downy & Son plastered W T Cowan's house last week.

Mr Cowan says he is for Bryan and Sewall.

Ben Vermillion moved to Ft. Scott, Kan., Wednesday.

Ace Rosier of north of Butler, was in our city Tuesday of last week, buying calves.

O M Drysdale and wife took their son Fred, who had a breaking out on his face, to Amoret Friday to consult Dr Brooks.

Prof Thornburg of Amsterdam, commenced the winter term of school at Bethel Monday.

John Oronke sold 25 head of hogs for \$1.05 per hundred to B F Jenkins last week.

Dr Lamb and wife visited his parents near Butler, last Sunday.

Rev Galbreath preached at the M E church at 4 o'clock Sabbath.

Wm McKibben reports the health of his neighborhood as being good, and that he has not seen but one republican in a long time.

Chas Woolley, wife and daughter,

of Miami county, Kansas, visited Mrs Huffman's last week.

Mrs Flemming is visiting her sons, who live southeast of Springfield.

Mr Bennett of Mulberry, will commence the winter term of school at Hotwater, Monday of this week.

Mrs W W Park is on the sick list.

Thursday night of this week the republicans will hold forth on the tariff, Friday night free silver and they will say protect the boys and girls in preference to the hogs and sheep; instead of 60 millions of silver given us by the Bryan boys protect the girls and the 1,200 millions that is spent every year for drink.

Gordon Wallace, who returned from Lee Summit last week, reports that every person that he met was for Bryan and Sewall.

Taylor Adams' daughter's child was found dead in bed Saturday morning. It had been sick several weeks with summer complaint and they had been doctoring it themselves.

John Foster has plenty of corn to sell on Mrs Garner's farm one mile and a half north of Virginia.

Aaron attended the U P Sabbath school last Sabbath at Mulberry.

There were 66 present, Roy Rankins is superintendent. He is a young man of promise and knows how to handle the school with ease; we also attended the preaching service at 2 p.m. Rev Williamson, pastor, subject The Little Maid told her master where to get cured of the leprosy.

The church at Mulberry has a good attendance if the town has gone down as a business place.

T C Graves returned home from Eldorado last Sunday night, where he had spent several weeks visiting relatives.

Wm Widows and wife of Eldorado are visiting old neighbors and relatives round Virginia.

John Jackson, Fred Heckadon and Shered Cope spent last week in Polk, Cedar and Hickory counties. They returned home Sunday night.

Marion Kennedy is agent for the Kurz & Allen popular pictorial family record. Mr Kennedy has been unfortunate in losing his sight; people buying of him will be lending a helping hand to one that needs help.

J H Park has two male pigs for sale, one Durock Jersey and one Berkshire, both are May pigs.

AARON.

Elkhart Items.

Some of our townspeople went to church at Fairview Sunday night.

P L Wyatt's new house is going up rapidly.

Will Allen is grading the roads in our district with a steam engine. Will says it works to perfection.

George Hand has pulled into the north side of our city with his threshing machine, where he will thresh a few bays and go into winter quarters.

Frank Lowen's youngest child died last Saturday morning; the funeral was preached at 2 o'clock Sunday, after which the remains were taken to the Scott cemetery for interment.

Sunday school at Lone Star has gone under.

The prohibition speaking at Lone Star was well attended and the best of order prevailed. For about two hours Mr Williamson of Ainsret, tried to inspire the people with prohibition doctrine. Prohibitionists and republicans are not in it in this township; about seven out of every ten will be for Bryan.

Mr Page is very ill, he has been unable to speak for several days.

John Romine, our city carpenter, is working on the big store at Burdette.

Meeting will continue at Fairview one more week. MOLLIE GAZOO.

Says it Would Injure England.

London, Sept. 29.—The Chronicle commenting upon Prince Bismarck's letter to Governor Culbertson of Texas, on the silver question, points out that the letter is evidently anti English, because English trade would be the greatest sufferer by the election of Mr. Bryan.

REFORM IS NEEDED.

A Wall Street Man's Plans for The People.

THE MASSES ARE OVERFED.

They Live too High and Should be Kept Down—Mr. Hanna Has Some Ideas.

The Fort Wayne, Ind., Journal publishes the appended extraordinary communication. It is so remarkable in its utter absence of real Americanism and even of humanity that it would be considered a forgery were it not for the character of the man to whom it is addressed, and who authorized its publication. Judge Bell is one of the ablest lawyers of the state, and was at one time a partner of ex United States Attorney General Miller.

No. 11 WALL STREET.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16, 1896.

To Hon. R. C. Bell, Fort Wayne, Ind.

DEAR SIR:—The committee of political education of Wall street, this city, to which the undersigned has the honor to belong, having determined that each member should write personally to at least one or more prominent party leaders of the silver cause, your name has been handed to me. You are described as of a fair mind and large influence in your state. I therefore address you in the hope that you may be persuaded from your present course, for you are leading the lower classes, the laborers, artisans, mechanics and agriculturists of your state into a step which will cause them great distress.

We, whose business it is to study finances, and are therefore capable of determining such questions, know there is at this time TOO MUCH MONEY. Millions are now ready in this city to be loaned on call, with good collateral such as government bonds, where it is really needed, at remunerative rates. Your methods are such as to frighten all money lenders (for nothing is so easily scared as money.) No one can tell what laws your candidate (if elected) may suggest; while even now the laws are all against our people. We are forced to loan money at such rates as we can get. If we cannot get 10 per cent we take 9; if we can not get 9 we take 8 and in peaceful times even lower, and it is difficult even then to keep our money at work. But what do your working-men pay? If they cannot get a dollar a day they refuse to work, while they ought to take 75 cents or even 50 cents so that we may keep them at work. You ought to teach them that \$1 per day on a GOLD basis is enormous pay in this country; no gold country pays more than 50 cents for labor, while here living is the cheapest of all countries, providing the lower classes will live as they should live. They are really extravagant; they buy meat four or five days in the week; they even indulge often in pie, which is no kind of food to be enjoyed by working people, and does them no good. Rice is one of the most nourishing of foods; it is CHEAP and can be raised in endless quantities, but workmen avoid it as a general food. They eat wheat bread when rye is much more suitable. These ideas grow out of wrong education, which you, my dear sir, are assisting only to their future disaster.

Mr. Hanna, if he wins the election (and all intelligent men of the east hope and believe he will), will certainly inaugurate a much better system for the lower classes. He will try to take the money question and tariff out of politics, which should have been done long since. The law governing finances can safely be left with the national banks, insurance and railroad corporations—who, through a standing committee with some well known and honorable financier such as Mr. J. P. Morgan or Mr. August Belmont as chairman, who could formulate and have passed directly such laws on money as would be safe and useful for the whole people. All laws governing the tariff could be handled in the same way by a committee appointed by the great manufacturing and industrial enterprises, and with such honorable and charitable men as Mr. Rockefeller or Mr. Carnegie, as chairman of such committee, the most wise and useful tariff laws could be speedily put in force, not bothering those engaged in agricultural or other rural work, or exciting them by frequent elections, as is now the case.

We have talked with Mr. Hanna as to many things which are now wronging the lower classes and diverting them from their labor. He thinks there are too many holidays, and especially excursions to somewhat long distances, where these people meet and exchange exciting converse upon subjects such as we have referred to, and which they are not capable of understanding; besides this they should be at work; they spend too much money, often going to a hotel and laying out an entire day's income on one dinner. Gentlemen like Mr. Astor or Mr. Rockefeller, who, by application and economy, have amassed a competence, never would think of spending a day's income on one meal. How can working men expect to indulge in luxuries, idle away their time and prosper? We believe for their own good, if some beneficial law could be passed which would limit excursions and confine the lower classes to the township in which they live, they would be much better off at the end of the year. These local laws, we presume, must be put into effect by each state, say through the governors, but the governors could be appointed by committees of local bankers and manufacturers resident within the state, and we think if the present election is carried out by the honest people and Hanna is successful that by 1900 the people themselves would unanimously vote for such changes in the state constitutions as would relieve them from the turmoil and worry over elections. Committees could act quickly and noiselessly, in fact bankers, money, people and manufacturers are only too happy to be let alone, once they have good laws and good men in control.

The people west should be impressed with the fact that our people here can take care of themselves, come what may. We are concerned for only the classes that labor, whether in the factory, on the rail roads or on the farms. It is costing us a great deal of time besides several millions of dollars to teach these lessons, and they should realize that we cannot constantly subscribe millions of money at presidential elections for their cause, which outlay by agitators is constantly increased. In talking with Mr. Hanna recently he said he would need twenty five millions of dollars from our city before the polls closed in November, caused by such men as you and Mr. Bryan, but we think that if treble the amount is really needed our generous people will supply it to keep the ignorant people from committing political suicide.

Everyone at the last meeting when Mr. Hanna was here agreed to stand by him. Our newspapers are loyal to the people; they are terribly mad, however, at Mr. Bryan for his speech at Madison Square garden, and we should not be surprised if some of them indulged in violent language if Mr. Bryan speak here again. Mr. Hanna has seen some of the most influential owners of these papers since, however, and we think they will still be lenient. Our efforts will be toward kindness to our fellow men. We write you in all kindness and well wishes personally trusting you may aid in quieting your people. We are willing to aid you financially, if necessary, and are perfectly willing to trust you without fear. Mr. Hanna in many cases does not allow our treasurer to pay at once; he thinks guarantees are good enough until the poll shows the actual result in the town or precinct, but in your case, if you will make known your actual needs for the beginning of the work (providing you agree to change your views in accordance with our other followers in your state belonging to the honest gold party) we will endeavor to provide you with necessary funds. You need not answer this personally, as some of Mr. Hanna's agents will visit your city soon and will surely call on you. It is not our intention to have anyone committed by letter. I assure you that our work is telling in the east; most of our manufacturers have converted their employees, who are rapidly joining our clubs. There is not much trouble, once the way is shown them.

Wishing every success to you if you elect with us, and with best wishes personally, I am, yours sincerely,
J. FRANCIS FORSYTHE.

Organized labor and laboring men of every class were so startled by the sentiments of the above letter that they thought it surely must be a hoax. To settle this question Dr. Fred R. Jones of Butler wrote the Journal and received the following reply:

FORT WAYNE, IND., SEPT. 28, 1896.

DR. FRED R. JONES, BUTLER, MO.

DEAR SIR:—In reply to yours of

the 26th inst., the Forsythe letter was received by Hon. R. C. Bell of this city, in the ordinary course of mail in an envelope postmarked New York. Mr. Bell is unacquainted with the writer or with the motive which actuated the letter. Yours truly,
JOURNAL CO.
H. C. ROCKHILL, Mgr.

FARMERS BANK

BUTLER, MO.

Capital Stock \$50,000.00
Surplus Fund \$3,000.00

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Order of Publication.

STATE OF MISSOURI, ss.
County of Bates.
In the Circuit Court of Bates county, Missouri, in vacation, September 25th, 1896, Frank Allen and Maude A. Allen, plaintiffs, vs. Benjamin Dye, or the unknown heirs of Benjamin Dye, deceased, Priscilla Dye, or the unknown heirs of Priscilla Dye, deceased, and Mariah Dye, or the unknown heirs of Mariah Dye, deceased, defendants.
Now at this day came the plaintiffs herein by their attorneys, Graves & Clark, before the undersigned clerk of the circuit court of Bates county, Missouri, in vacation, and filed their petition and affidavit, alleging among other things, that defendants each and all are not residents of the state of Missouri. Whereupon it is ordered by the clerk in vacation that said defendants be notified by publication that plaintiffs have commenced a suit against them in this court the general nature of which is fully set forth in their petition and said petition as filed herein is in the following words and figures:

STATE OF MISSOURI, ss.
County of Bates.
In Circuit Court, November term, 1896.
Frank Allen and Maude A. Allen, Plaintiffs.
Benjamin Dye, or the unknown heirs of Benjamin Dye, deceased, Priscilla Dye, or the unknown heirs of Priscilla Dye, deceased, and Mariah Dye, or the unknown heirs of Mariah Dye, deceased, Defendants.
Plaintiffs for their cause of action state that they own and hold title to the following described real estate in Bates county, Missouri, to-wit: The southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section eight (8) in township thirty-nine (39) of range thirty-one (31), and that they hold the possession of the same. That the title to the same has been vested in them and those under whom they claim by the state of Missouri, under the provisions of section 672 of chapter 103 of the Rev. Stat. of Missouri (1892). That the equitable title emanated from the government of the United States more than thirty years prior to the bringing of this action. That these plaintiffs and their grantors have and do possess the said land and the taxes on said land for more than thirty years prior to this date.

Plaintiffs aver that one Vincent Dye acquired title to said land by deed made to him in the year 1860 and has never made conveyance in legal form to any one since said time, and of record appears to have and hold an interest in said lands. That the said Vincent Dye departed this life in the year 1861, and said lands have been held adversely to him and the defendants herein since said date, and if the said Benjamin Dye, Priscilla Dye and Mariah Dye are children of said Vincent Dye and if living would have an interest in the subject matter of this suit. That if they are dead their heirs would be likewise interested in the subject matter of this action, in the same way and for the same reasons. That the said defendants are not residents of this state, and if the said Benjamin, Priscilla and Mariah Dye are dead, their legal heirs are unknown to these plaintiffs and for that reason their names have been inserted herein and their respective interests more definitely set forth. That their said unknown heirs are not residents of this state. That the line of grantors through whom these plaintiffs claim have had the open and notorious possession of said land for more than thirty years against the said Vincent Dye aforesaid and the defendants herein and have paid the taxes thereon during said period.

Wherefore plaintiffs pray that this court make and enter its decree declaring the title to the land aforesaid to be vested in these plaintiffs by limitations under the provisions of the statute aforesaid, and for all other and further relief. GRAYES & CLARK, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Frank Allen being duly sworn, upon his oath for himself and his co-plaintiff, says that the facts set forth in the foregoing petition are true and correct. That the said defendants, Benjamin Dye, Priscilla Dye and Mariah Dye are not residents of Missouri, and that if they are dead their legal heirs are unknown to plaintiffs, and for that reason their names and exact interests cannot be set out definitely herein.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 25th day of September, 1896.

C. P. CATRON, Notary Public.

My term expires Jan'y 30, 1897, and that unless the said defendants be and appear at this court at the next term thereof, to be begun and holden at the court house in the city of Butler, in said county, on the 10th day of November next, and on or before the 24th day of said term, if the term shall so long continue, and if not, then on or before the last day of said term, answer or plead to the petition in said cause, the same will be taken as confessed, and judgment will be rendered accordingly.

And be it further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law, in the BUTLER WEEKLY TIMES, a weekly newspaper, printed and published in Bates county, Mo., for four weeks successively the last insertion to be at least fifteen days before the first day of the next term of the circuit court.

STEWART ATTCHESON, Circuit Clerk.

A true copy of the record. Witness my hand and the seal of the circuit court of

[SEAL] Bates county, this 25th day of September, 1896. STEWART ATTCHESON, Circuit Clerk.

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